PCM-4896

All-in-One NS Geode GX1 Single Board computer with LCD, Ethernet, Audio, & 4 COMs

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Your satisfaction is our primary concern, and here is a guide of the services for EMAC's customers. To get the full benefit of our services, please follow the instructions below carefully.

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We hope you can get the outstanding performance from our products. So if you run into technical difficulties, we are here to help. For the most frequently asked questions, you can easily find answers in your product documentation. These answers are normally much more detailed than the ones we can provide over the phone.

So please consult this manual first. If you still cannot find the answer, gather all the information or questions that apply to your problem, and with the product close at hand, call your dealer. Our dealers are well trained and ready to give you the support you need to get the most from your EMAC products. In fact, most problems reported are minor and could be easily solved over the phone.

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Because of EMAC's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an EMAC's product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced with no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time, and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have received a defective product, follow these steps:

- Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU type and speed, EMAC products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
- 2. Please prepare your manual, product, and other helpful information before calling your dealer to describe your problem.
- 3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, please manage to obtain an RMA (return material authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to deal with your return quickly.
- 4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card, and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without the proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
- 5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it out after paying to your dealer for it.

Packing list

Before you begin installing your card, please make sure that the following materials have been shipped:

- 1 PCM-4896 All-in-One Single Board Computer
- 1 Quick Installation Guide
- 1 CD-ROM contains the followings:
 - -- User's Manual (this manual in PDF file)
 - -- Ethernet drivers and utilities
 - -- VGA drivers and utilities
 - -- Audio drivers and utilities
 - -- Latest BIOS (as of the CD-ROM was made)

The PCM-4896 require several cables for operation. You can make them yourself or pruchase an optional cable kit, PCM-10489-5

If any of these items are missing or damaged, contact your distribuitor or sales representative immediately.

Notice

Dear Customer,

Thank you for purchasing the PCM-4896 board. This user's manual is designed to help you to get the most out of the PCM-4896, please read it thoroughly before you install and use the board. The product that you have purchased comes with an two-year limited warranty, but EMAC will not be responsible for misuse of the product. Therefore, we strongly urge you to first read the manual before using the product.

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General Information

This chapter gives background information on the mainboard.

Sections include:

- Board specifications
- Layout and dimensions

Introduction

The PCM-4896 is an all-in-one multi-media NS Geode GX1 MMX processor based single board computer (SBC) with an integrated audio controller, a PCI Flat Panel controller, a PCI 100Base-Tx Ethernet interface, and one PCI expansion slot. With ture Pentium MMX capability, the PCM-4896 achieves outstanding performance that surpasses other SBC in its class. In addition, the onboard SSD interface supports M-systems DiskOnChip 2000 series, memory capacity from 2 MB to 288 MB. This compact (only 5.75"" x 8") unit offers all the functions of a single board industrial computer, but still fits in the space of a CD-ROM drive.

On-board features include four serial ports (three RS-232, one RS-232/422/485), one multi-mode parallel (ECP/EPP/SPP) port, connector for two USB (Universal Serial Bus) ports, a floppy drive controller, and a keyboard/PS/2 mouse interface. The built-in high speed PCI IDE controller supports Ultra DMA/33 mode. Up to two IDE devices can be connected, including large hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and tape backup drives, etc.

The PCM-4896 also features power management to minimize power consumption. It complies with the APM standard and supports three types of power saving features: Doze mode, Standby mode, and Suspend mode. In addition, the board's watchdog timer can be programed to reset the system or generate an interrupt in case the system stops due to a program bug or EMI.

Highly integrated multi-media SBC

The PCM-4896 is a highly integrated multi-media SBC that combines audio, video, and network functions on a CD-ROM drive size single computer board. It provides, 16-bit full-duplex, integrated 3D audio and up to 1024 x 768 resolution @ 64K colors with on-chip 2MB SDRAM display memory. Major onboard devices adopt PCI technology to achieve outstanding computing performance.

Features

- Supports NS Geode GX1 BGA CPU up to 300 MHz
- Support Disk On Chip up to 288MB
- C&T 69000 LCD controller support 36-bit TFT panels
- 100Base-Tx Ethernet interface, supports Remote Boot ROM function.
- AC-97 2.0 audio interface, Sound Blaster compatible
- Supports Bus Master and Ultra DMA/33 IDE devices
- Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports
- \bullet USB interface, PCI slot, and PC/104 connector for flexible expansion capabilities

Specifications

Standard SBC Functions

- CPU: NS Geode GX1 BGA CPU up to 300MHz
- BIOS: Award 256KB Flash BIOS
- Chipset: NS CS5530A
- I/O Chipset: NS97317/ITE IT8661F. Fully 16-bit I/O decoded
- Cache: Processor build-in 16KB Level-1 write-back cache
- **Memory**: Onboard one 168-pin DIMM socket supports up to 256Mbytes SDRAM
- Enhanced IDE: Support up to two IDE devices. Supports Ultra DMA/33 mode with data transfer rate up to 33MB/sec.
- **FDD interface**: Supports up to two floppy disk drives, 5.25" (360KB and 1.2MB) and /or 3.5" (720KB, 1.44MB, and 2.88MB)
- Parallel port: One bi-directional parallel port. Supports SPP, ECP and EPP modes
- Serial ports: Three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485 serial ports.

 Ports can be configured as COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4,

 or disabled individually. (16C550 equivalent)
- IR interface: Supports one IrDA Tx/Rx header
- **Keyboard/mouse connector**: 8 pin connector supports PC/AT keyboard and PS/2 mouse
- **USB connectors**: 4 x 2 header onboard supports dual USB ports
- **Battery**: Lithium battery for data retention of up to 10 years
- Watchdog Timer: Can generate a system reset.

 Support software selectable timeout interval.
- **DMA**: 7 DMA channels (8237 equivalent)
- **Interrupt**: 15 interrupt levels (8259 equivalent)

 Power management: Supports ATX power supply. Supports PC97, , and modem ring-in functions. I/O peripheral devices support power saving and doze/ standby/suspend modes.

Flat Panel/CRT Interface

• Chipset: C&T 69000

• Display memory: Built-in 2MB SDRAM

 Display type: Supports non-interlaced CRT and LCD 36-bit TFT/STN/ Mono displays. Can display both CRT and Flat Panel simultaneously

• **Resolution**: Up to 1280x1024 256 color for CRT Up to 1024x768 for Flat Panel.

Sound Interface

• Chipset: NS CS5530A

• 3D audio: Supports for Microsoft DirectSound and DirectSound 3D audio technology in two-speaker mode (requires Microsoft Direct Sound 3D supported software titles)

• 16-bit stereo digital audio: Full-duplex support enables simultaneousrecord and playback for Internet communications software

Ethernet interface

• Chipset: Reltek RTL8139C 100Base-Tx Fast Ethernet controller

• Ethernet interface: 100Base-Tx RJ-45 connector. Optional Remote Boot ROM function

SSD Interface

One 32-pin DIP socket supports M-systems DiskOnChip up to 288 MB

Expansion Slots

• PC/104 connector: One 16-bit 104-pin connector onboard

• PCI slot: One 32-bit PCI slot onboard

Mechanical and environmental

• Power supply voltage: +5V (4.75V to 5.25V), +12V (11.4V to 12.6V)

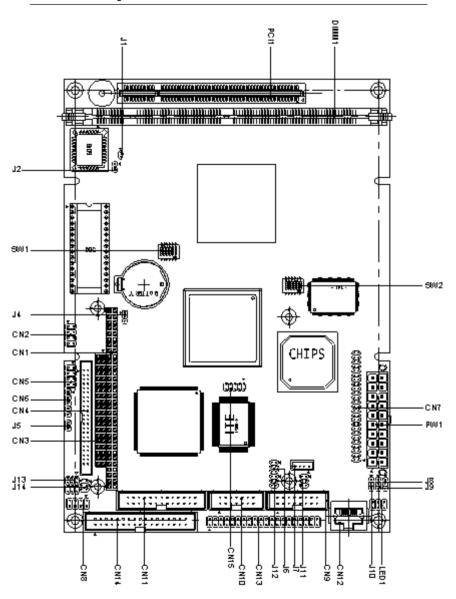
• Typical power requirement: +5V@3A

• Operating temperature: 32 to 140°F (0 to 60°C)

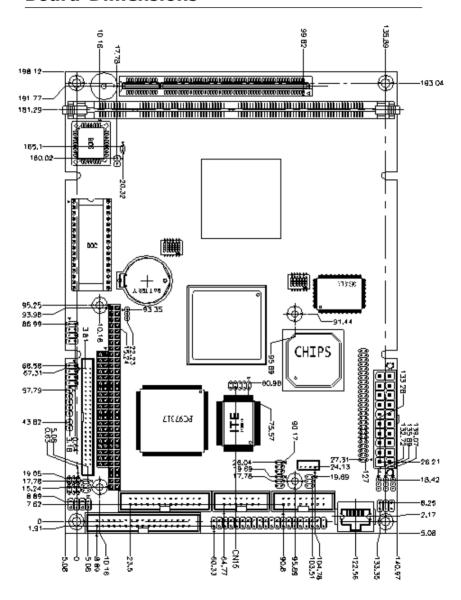
• **Board size**: 8"(L) x 5.75"(W) (203mm x 146mm)

• Weight: 1.2 lb. (0.5 Kg)

Board Layout



Board Dimensions



Installation

This chapter describes how to set up the main board hardware, including instructions on setting jumpers and connecting peripherals, switches, and indicators. Be sure to read all the safety precautions before you begin the installation procedure.

Jumpers and Connectors

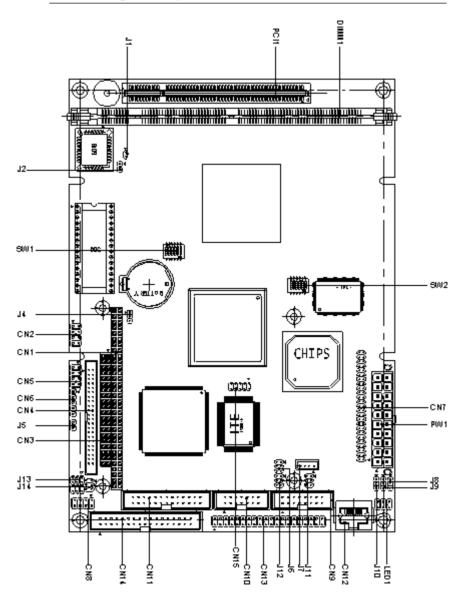
Connectors on the board link themselves to the external devices such as hard disk drives, a keyboard, or floppy drives. In addition, the board has a number of jumpers that allow you to configure your system to suit your application.

The following tables list the function of each jumper and connector on the board.

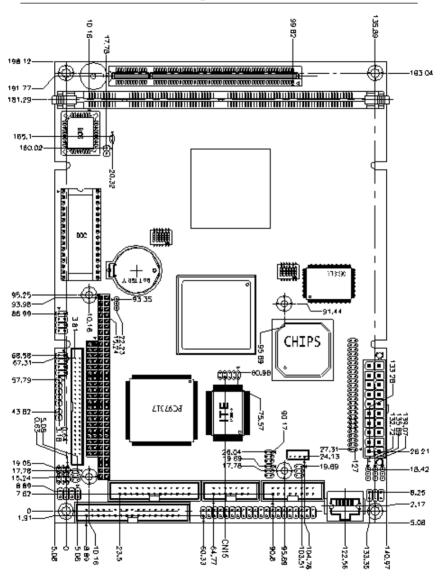
Jumpers		
Label Function		
J1	Internal buzzer select	
J4	Clear CMOS	
J5	ATX soft-power switch connector	
J6	Audio output select	
J8	LCD driving voltage select	
J9	LCD clock select	
J10	Audio Power (default: 1-2 close)	
J11	COM4 RI pin voltage select	
J12	COM3 RI pin voltage select	
J13	COM2 RS232/422/485 setting	
J14	COM2 RS232/422/485 selection	
SW1 (1~3)	CPU frequency ratio	
SW1 (5, 6)	DOC address select	
SW2 (1)	CPU clock select	

Connectors	
Label	Function
CN1	PC/104 connector
CN2	USB ports connector
CN4	IDE drive connector
CN5	Front panel connector
CN6	IrDA connector
CN7	LCD display connector
CN8	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse connector
CN9	VGA display connector
CN10	Audio connector
CN11	Printer port connector
CN12	100Base-Tx Ethernet connector
CN13	Serial ports connector
CN14	Floppy dirve connector
CN15	Digital I/O connector
PW1	ATX power connector
J7	CD-ROM signal input connector
LED1	Ethernet Tx/Rx/Link LED connector
U4	DiskOnChip socket

Locating Jumpers and Connectors

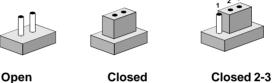


Mechanical Drawing



Setting Jumpers

You can configure your card to match the needs of your applications by setting jumpers. A jumper is the simplest kind of electric switch. It consists of two metal pins and a small metal clip (often protected by a plastic cover) that slides over the pins to connect them. To c lose an jumper you can connect the pins with the clip. To open an jumper you can remove the clip. Sometimes a jumper will have three pins, labeled 1, 2, and 3. In this case you would connect either pins 1 and 2 or 2 and 3.



The jumper settings are schematically depicted in this manual as follows:



A pair of needle-nose pliers may be helpful when working with jumpers.

If you have any doubts about the best hardware configuration for your application, contact your local distributor or sales representative before you make any changes.

Installing and Upgrading CPU

BGA type CPU for PCM-4896 C1.0 series is installed and all related setting were done in factory. Please do not attempt to change any CPU setting, this may cause an un-expected damage to this board.



Warning! Always disconnect the power cord from your chassis when you are working on it. Do not make connections while the power is on as sensitive electronic components can be damaged by the sudden rush of power. Only experienced electronics personnel should open the PC chassis.



Caution! Always ground yourself to remove any static charge before touching the PC board. Modern electronic devices are very sensitive to static electric charges. Use a grounding wrist strap at all times. Place all electronic components on a static-dissipative surface or in a static-shielded bag when they are not in the chassis.

Any CPU related setting change is prohibited, Improper settings may damage the CPU.

Installing DRAM (DIMMs)

System Memory

The left edge of the PCM-4896 C1.0 contains a socket for 168-pin dual inline memory module (DIMM). The socket uses 3.3 V unbuffered synchronous DRAM (SDRAM). DIMM is available in capacities of 16, 32, 64, or 128 MB. The socket can be filled in the DIMM of any size, giving your PCM-4896 single board computer between 16 and 128 MB of memory.

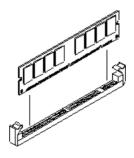
About Supplementary Information DIMM

Your PCM-4896 C1.0 can accept both regular and PC-100 SDRAM DIMM Module(with or without parity).

Single-sided modules are typically 16 or 64 MB; double-sided modules are usually 32 or 128 MB.

Installation Procedures Memory

To install DIMM, first make sure the two handles of the DIMM socket are in the "open" position. i.e. The handles remain outward. Slowly slide the DIMM module along the plastic guides on both ends of the socket. Then press the DIMM module right down into the socket, until you hear a click. This is when the two handles have automatically locked the memory module into the correct position of the DIMM socket. (See Figure below) To take away the memory module, just push both handles outward, and the memory module will be ejected by the mechanism in the socket.



Internal Buzzer Select (J1)

Internal Buzzer Select (J1)			
	Internal Buzzer	External Speaker	
J1	1 2	○ ○ 1 2	

Clear CMOS (J4)

You can use J4 to clear the CMOS data if necessary. To reset the CMOS data, set J4 to pin 2-3 closed for just a few seconds, and then move the jumper back to pin 1-2 closed.

Clear CMOS (J4)		
	Protect*	Clear CMOS
J4	1 2 3 O	1 O 2 3

^{*}default

ATX Soft-Power Switch Connector (J5)

The ATX Soft-Power switch connector is a 2-pin header. Please plug the power switch cable from your system to the Soft-Power switch connector marked J5.

Audio Output Select (J6)

You can select the output mode of onboard audio connector (CN10) by setting J6.

"Speaker out" is the output signal amplified by onboard amplifier

Audio Output Select (J6)		
	Line out*	Speaker out
	2 1	2 0 0 1
J6	4 📕 3	4 1 3
	6 0 0 5	6 💆 💆 5

^{*}default

CD Audio connector (J7)

This connector is used to connect to a CD audio cable.

CD Audio Connector (J7)		
Pin	Signal	
1	GND	
2	CD_L	
3	GND	
4	CD_R	

LCD Driving Voltage Select (J8)

You can select the LCD connector CN7 (pin 5 and pin 6) driving voltage by setting J8. The configurations are as follows:

LCD Driving Voltage Select (J8)				
	5V	3.3V *		
J8	1 2 3	O ••• 1 2 3		

^{*}default

LCD Clock Signal Select (J9)

You can select the LCD control signal by setting J9. The following chart shows the available option.

LCD Clock	Signal Select (J9)		
	SHF CLK *	ASHF CLK	
J9	1 2 3	1 2 3	

^{*}default

Audio Power Setting (J10)

The default setting is pin1 and pin 2 closed to offer audio power.

Reserved
O ————————————————————————————————————

^{*}default

COM3/COM4 RI Pin Voltage Select (J12, J11)

The 9th pin of COM3 and COM4 (9-pin D-sub connector) can be selected as RI, +5V, or +12V by setting J12 & J11.

COM3 RI	Pin Setting (J12)		
	RI*	+5V	+12V
J12	1 3 5 0 0 0 0 2 4 6	1 3 5	1 3 5 0 0 0 0 2 4 6
COM4 RI	Pin Setting (J11)		
	RI*	+5V	+12V
J11	1 3 5 ○ ○ 1 ○ ○ 2 2 4 6	1 3 5 ○	1 3 5

^{*}default

COM2 RS-232/422/485 select (J13, J14)

The PCM-4896 COM2 serial port can be selected as RS-232, RS-422, or RS-485 by setting J13 & J14.

COM2 S	Select (J13, J14)		
	RS-232*	RS-422	RS-485
	1 4 7 10	1 4 7 10	1 4 7 10
J13	0 0 0 0 3 6 9 12	3 6 9 12	3 6 9 12
J14	1 3 5 0 0 0 0 2 4 6	1 3 5	1 3 5 0 0 1 2 4 6

^{*}default

SW1 (1~3) CPU Frequency Ratio

The GX1 CPU core frequency = CPU frequency ratio (4~10X) * External CPU clock (33 or 30MHz). The following table shows the available enfigurations.

SW1 Ratio	1	2	3
4X	ON	ON	ON
5X	ON	OFF	OFF
6X	OFF	ON	OFF
7X	OFF	OFF	ON
9X	ON	OFF	ON
10X	ON	ON	OFF

SW2 (1) CPU Clock Select

You can configure the CPU external clock to 33MHz or 30MHz by setting SW2(1).

SW2 Freq.	1
33MHz	ON
30MHz	OFF

Any CPU setting change is strongly prohibited!!

GX1 CPU Jumper Setting Examples

SW	SW1-1	SW1-2	SW1-3	SW2-1
180 MHz	OFF	ON	OFF	OFF
200 MHz	OFF	ON	OFF	ON
233 MHz	OFF	OFF	ON	ON
266 MHz	ON	OFF	ON	OFF
300 MHz	ON	ON	OFF	OFF

Any CPU setting change is strongly prohibited!!

DOC Address Select SW1 (5,6)

The DiskOnChip 2000 occupies an 8 K byte window in the upper memory address range of D400 to E000. You should ensure this does not conflict with any other device's memory address.

The configuration are as follows:

SW1 Address	5	6
Disable	ON	ON
D400	OFF	OFF
D800	ON	OFF
DC00	OFF	ON

These addresses might conflict with the ROM BIOS of other peripheral boards. Please select the appropriate memory address to avoid memory conflicts.

Power Connectors (PW1, J3)

ATX Power Connector (PW1)

The ATX power supply uses a 20-pin connector shown as below. Please make sure you plug in the right direction.

ATX po	ower connector (PV	V1)		
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	N/C	11	N/C	
2	N/C	12	-12V	
3	GND	13	GND	
4	+5V	14	PON	
5	GND	15	GND	
6	+5 V	16	GND	
7	GND	17	GND	
8	N/C	18	-5V	
9	5V SB	19	+5V	
10	+12V	20	+5V	

USB Connector (CN2)

The PCM-4896 C1.0 provides two USB (Universal Serial Bus) interfaces, which give complete plug and play, hot attach/detach for up to 127 external devices. The USB interfaces comply with USB specification Rev. 1.0, and can be disabled in the system BIOS setup.

PCM-4896 C1.0

USB Connector (CN2)				
Pin	Function	Pin	Function	
1	GND	5	Vcc	
2	UD1+	6	UD0-	
3	UD1-	7	UD0+	
4	Vcc	8	GND	

IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN4)

You can attach one or two Enhanced Integrated Device Electronics hard disk drives to the mainboard's internal controller. The mainboard's IDE controller uses a PCI local-bus interface. This advanced interface supports faster data transfer rate and allows the IDE hard drive to exceed 528 MB.

Connecting the Hard Drive

Connecting drives is done in a daisy-chain fashion and requires one of two cables, depending on the drive size. 1.8" and 2.5" drives need a 1 x 44-pin to 2 x 44-pin flat-cable connector. 3.5" drives use a 1 x 44pin to 2 x 40-pin connector.

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

- 1. Connect one end of the cable to CN4 and make sure that the red (or blue) wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector, which is labeled on the board (on the right side).
- 2. Plug the other end of the cable to the Enhanced IDE hard drive, with pin 1 on the cable corresponding to pin 1 on the hard drives. (please read your hard drive's documentation for the location of the connector).

Connect a second drive as described above.

Unlike floppy drives, IDE hard drives can connect to either end of the cable. If you install two drives, you will need to set one as the master and the other as the slave by using jumpers on the drives. If you install just one drive, set it as the master.

IDE hard drive connector (CN4)

IDE Hard Drive Connector (CN4)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	IDE RESET	2	GND	
3	DATA 7	4	DATA 8	
5	DATA 6	6	DATA 9	
7	DATA 5	8	DATA 10	
9	DATA 4	10	DATA 11	
11	DATA 3	12	DATA 12	
13	DATA 2	14	DATA 13	
15	DATA 1	16	DATA 14	
17	DATA 0	18	DATA 15	
19	SIGNAL GND	20	N/C	
21	HDRQ	22	GND	
23	IO WRITE	24	GND	
25	IO READ	26	GND	
27	IO CHANNEL READY	28	GND	
29	HACK	30	GND	
31	IRQ14	32	N/C	
33	ADDR 1	34	N/C	
35	ADDR 0	36	ADDR 2	
37	HARD DISK SELECT 0	38	HARD DISK SELECT 1	
39	HDLED	40	GND	
41	VCC	42	VCC	
43	GND	44	N/C	

Front Panel Connector (CN5)

Next, you may want to install external switches to monitor and control the mainboard. These features are completely optional. Please install them only if you need them. The front panel connector (CN5) is an 8pin male, dual in-line header and provides connections for a speaker, hard disk access indicator, and an input switch for resetting the card.

Front Panel Connector (CN5)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
7	Reset - (GND)	8	Reset Switch	
5	GND	6	NC	
3	Speaker -	4	Vcc	
1	HDD LED -	2	Vcc	

Speaker

The mainboard can drive an 8Ω external speaker at 0.5 watts. If there is no external speaker, the PCM-4896 C1.0 provides an on-board buzzer as an alternative.

LED Interface

The front panel LED indicator for hard disk access is an active low signal (24 mA sink rate).

IrDA connector (CN6)

The IrDA connector (CN6) can be configured to support wireless infrared module. With this module and software such as laplink or Win95 Direct Cable connection, user can transfer files to or from laptops, notebooks, PDA and printers. This connector supports HPSIR (115.2Kbps, 2 meters), ASK-IR (56Kbps) and Fast IR (4Mbps, 2 meters).

Install infrared module onto IrDA connector and enable infrared function from BIOS setup. But please make sure to have correct orientation when you plug onto IrDA connector (CN6).

IrDa Connector (CN6)			
Pin	Signal		
1	Vcc		
2	FIrRx		
3	IrRx		
4	GND		
5	IrTx		

Display Connectors (CN7, CN9)

The mainboard's PCI SVGA interface can drive conventional CRT displays and a wide range of flat panel displaysat the same time, including electroluminescent (EL), gas plasma, passive LCD, and active LCD displays. The board has two connectors to support these displays, one for standard CRT VGA monitors and the other for flat panel displays.

VGA Display Connector (CN9)

CN9 is a 16-pin, dual-in-line header used for conventional CRT displays. A simple one-to-one adapter can be used to match CN9 to a standard 15-pin D-SUB connector commonly used for VGA.

VGA Display Connector (CN9)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	RED	9	VCC +5V	
2	GREEN	10	GND	
3	BLUE	11	N/C	
4	N/C	12	DDC DAT	
5	GND	13	H-SYNC	
6	GND	14	V-SYNC	
7	GND	15	DDC CLK	
8	GND	16	N/C	

LCD Connector (CN7)

CN7 is a 50-pin, dual-in-line header used for flat panel displays.

When the mainboard's power is applied, the control signal is low until the relevant flat panel signals are present.

Configuration of the VGA interface is done completely via the software utility. So you do not have to set any jumper.

LCD	LCD Connector (CN7)					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal			
1	+12 V _{DC}	2	+12 V _{DC}			
3	GND	4	GND			
5	+5 V _{DC} or +3.3 V _{DC}	6	+5 V _{DC} or +3.3 V _{DC}			
7	ENAVEE	8	GND			
9	P0	10	P1			
11	P2	12	P3			
13	P4	14	P5			
15	P6	16	P7			
17	P8	18	P9			
19	P10	20	P11			
21	P12	22	P13			
23	P14	24	P15			
25	P16	26	P17			
27	P18	28	P19			
29	P20	30	P21			
31	P22	32	P23			
33	P24	34	P25			
35	SHF CLK	36	FLM (V SYS)			
37	M	38	LP (H SYS)			
39	GND	40	ENABKL			
41	P26	42	P27			
43	P28	44	P29			
45	P30	46	P31			
47	P32	48	P33			
49	P34	50	P35			

Keyboard and Mouse Connector (CN8)

The mainboard provides a keyboard connector which supports both a keyboard and a PS/2 style mouse. In most cases, especially in embedded applications, a keyboard is not used. The standard PC/AT BIOS will report an error or fail during power-on-self-test (POST) after a reset if the keyboard is not present. The mainboard BIOS Advanced Setup Menu allows you to select "Present" or "Absent" under the "System Keyboard" section. This allows no-keyboard operation in embedded system applications without the system halting under POST.

Keyboard and Mouse Connector (CN8)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	KB DATA	5	KB CLOCK	
2	GND	6	Vcc	
3	Mouse DATA	7	Mouse CLOCK	
4	N/C	8	N/C	

Audio Connector (CN10)

The PCM-4896 C1.0 provides all major audio signals on a 14-pin flatcable connector, CN10.

Attach the Mic In, Line In, and Audio Out to the corresponding pins as shown in the following table.

Audio Connector (CN10)					
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	Mic In	2	Reserve for future use		
3	GND	4	Reserve for future use		
5	Line In Left	6	Reserve for future use		
7	Line In Right	8	Reserve for future use		
9	GND	10	Reserve for future use		
11	Audio Out Left	12	Audio Out Right		
13	GND_Line out	14	GND_Speaker out		

CAUTION: Both Line-out and Speaker-out modes share the same pair of Audio Out signal lines but different grounds. In addition to setting up J6 on page 18, make sure you use the corresponding ground signal when making the cable by yourself.

Parallel Port Connector (CN11)

Normally, the parallel port is used to connect the board to a printer. The PCM-4896 C1.0 includes an onboard parallel port, accessed through CN11, a 26-pin flat-cable connector. You need an adapter cable if you use a traditional DB-25 connector. The cable has a 26-pin connector on one end and a DB-25 connector on the other.

Parallel Port IRQ

The onboard parallel port is designated as LPT1 and can be disabled or changed to LPT2 or LPT3 in the system BIOS setup.

Parallel Port Connector Table (CN11)

Parallel Port Connector (CN11)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	STROBE	2	AUTOFD	
3	DO	4	ERR	
5	D1	6	INIT	
7	D2	8	SLCTINI	
9	D3	10	GND	
11	D4	12	GND	
13	D5	14	GND	
15	D6	16	GND	
17	D7	18	GND	
19	ACK	20	GND	
21	BUST	22	GND	
23	PE	24	GND	
25	SLCT	26	N/C	

100Base-Tx Ethernet Connector (CN12)

This 100Base-Tx Ethernet connector is a standard RJ-45 connector.

The onboard Realtek RTL8139C fast Ethernet controller supports 10Mb/s and 100 Mb/s N-way auto-negotiation operation.

100Base-Tx Ethernet Connector (CN12)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	Tx+	2	Tx-	
3	Rx+	4	N/C	
5	N/C	6	Rx-	
7	N/C	8	N/C	

Digital I/O Connector (CN15)

The PCM-4896 C1.0 has onboard 4 TTL digital input channels and 4 TTL digital output channels. The pin assignment of CN15 are as follows and the input address is 281, while the output address is 280.

Digital I/O Connector (CN15)				
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal	
1	DI 0	2	DI 1	
3	DI 2	4	DI 3	
5	DO 0	6	DO 1	
7	DO 2	8	DO 3	
9	Vcc	10	GND	

Serial ports (CN13)

The PCM-4896 C1.0 offers four serial ports, three RS-232 and one RS-232/422/485. These ports allow you to connect them to serial devices (mouse, printers, etc.).

COM 1-4 RS-232/422/485 Serial Ports (CN13)

COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4 RS-232/422/485 Serial Port				
	PIN	SIGNAL	PIN	SIGNAL
COM1	1	DCDA	2	DSRA
	3	RXDA	4	RTSA
	5	TXDA	6	CTSA
	7	DTRA	8	RIA
	9	GND	10	N.C.
COM2	11	DCDB (422TXD-/485DATA-)	12	DSRB
	13	RXDB (422RXD+)	14	RTSB
	15	TXDB (422TXD+/485DATA+)	16	CTSB
	17	DTRB (422RXD-)	18	RIB
	19	GND	20	N.C.
СОМЗ	21	DCDC	22	DSRC
	23	RXDC	24	RTSC
	25	TXDC	26	CTSC
	27	DTRC	28	RIC/+5V/+12V
	29	GND	30	N.C.
COM4	31	DCDD	32	RSRD
	33	RXDD	34	RTSD
	35	TXDD	36	CTSD
	37	DTRD	38	RID/+5V/+12V
	39	GND	40	N.C.

Floppy Drive Connector (CN14)

You can attach up to two floppy drives to the mainboard controller and use any combination of 5.25" (360 KB and 1.2 MB) and/or 3.5" (720 KB, 1.44 MB, and 2.88 MB) drives.

A 34-pin daisy-chain drive connector cable is required for a dualdrive system. On one end of the cable is a 34-pin flat-cable connector. On the other end are two sets of floppy disk drive connectors. Each set consists of a 34-pin flat-cable connector (usually used for 3.5" drives) and a printed-circuit board connector (usually used for 5.25"drives).

Wire number 1 on the cable is normally red or blue, and the other wires are usually gray.

Connecting the Floppy Drive

- 1. Plug the 34-pin flat-cable connector into CN14 and make sure that the red or blue wire corresponds to pin 1 on the connector.
- 2. Attach the appropriate connector on the other end of the cable to the floppy drive(s). But you can use only one connector in the set. The set on the end (after the twist in the cable) connects to the A: drive and the set in the middle connects to the B: drive.
- 3. If you are connecting a 5.25"floppy drive, line up the slot in the printed circuit board with the blocked-off part of the cable connector.
- 4. If you are connecting a 3.5" floppy drive, you may have trouble determining which pin is pin number 1. Please look for a number printed on the circuit board indicating pin number 1. Also, the connector on the floppy drive connector may have a slot. When the slot is up, pin number 1 should be on the right. It would be better to check the documentation that came with the drive for more information.

If you desire, connect the B: drive to the connectors in the middle of the cable as described above.

Floppy Drive Connector (CN14)

Floppy Drive Connector (CN14)			
Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal
1	GND	2	DENSITY SELECT
3	GND	4	N/C
5	GND	6	DRIVE TYPE
7	GND	8	INDEX
9	GND	10	MOTOR 0
11	GND	12	DRIVE SELECT 1
13	GND	14	DRIVE SELECT 2
15	GND	16	MOTOR 1
17	GND	18	DIRECTION
19	GND	20	STEP
21	GND	22	WRITE DATA
23	GND	24	WRITE GATE
25	GND	26	TRACK 0
27	GND	28	WRITE PROTECT
29	GND	30	READ DATA
31	GND	32	HEAD DELECT
33	GND	34	DISK CHANGE

Ethernet LED Signal Connectors (LED1)

The PCM-4896 C1.0 supports three sets of LED connector for external LED indicators.

Ethernet Active Signal LED

Flashing Tx or Rx LEDs indicate that the PCM-4896 C1.0 is transmitting or receiving data.

Ethernet Link Signal LED

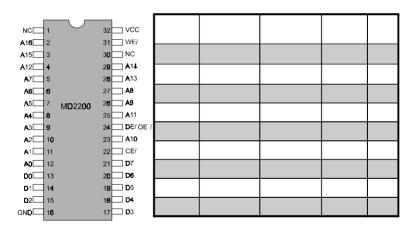
A continuously lit LED indicates good linkage between the PCM-4896 and its supporting hub.

Ethernet LED Signal Connectors (LED1)		
Pin	Signal	
1	Rx LED	
2	+5V	
3	Link LED	
4	+5V	
5	Tx LED	
6	+5V	

DiskOnChip Socket (U4)

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products provides a single chip solidstate flash disk in a standard 32-pin DIP package. The DiskOnChip 2000 is a solid-state disk with no moving parts, resulting in a significant reduction in power consumption and an increase in reliability. The DiskOnChip is a small plug and play Flash disk. It is easy to use and saves integration overhead.

The DiskOnChip 2000 family of products is available in capacities ranging from 2MB to 288MB, unformatted. In order to manage the disk, the DiskOnChip 2000 includes the TrueFFS, M-Systems Flash File System proprietary software. The DiskOnChip 2000 package is pin-to-pin compatible with a standard 32-pin EPROM device.



Note 1: Pins A13 through A16 are not used by the MD2200. They are kept for socket backward compatibility with ED 1100 (DiskOnChip 1000)

Note 2: Pins 1 and 30 are not used by MD2200

DiskOnChip (DOC) 2000 Installation

When the DOC is installed correctly, a DOC will work like an HDD or an FDD. To install the DOC on the mainboard, follow the instructions below:

- 1. Plug the DOC into the socket and make sure pin 1 of the DOC is aligned with pin 1 of the socket.
- 2. Push the DOC into the socket until it is firmly seated in the socket.

Caution: the DOC may be permanently damage if it is installed incorrectly.

3. Set the jumper for the memory address of the DOC.

Note:

The memory shadow function sometimes will create conflicts with the memory window. You should disable the memory shadow from the BIOS SETUP if the DOC cannot be accessed.

Configure DOC as a Boot Device

To configure a DOC as a boot drive, you should copy the operating system files onto the DOC. The following procedure is an example of the initialization process.

- 1. Install a DOC into your system.
- 2. Insert a bootable floppy disk in drive A: and boot the system.
- 3. At the DOS prompt, type **SYS C:** to transfer the DOS system files to the DOC (assuming the DiskOnChip is installed as drive C:). Reboot the system.
- 4. Go to the BIOS Setup Utility by hitting the key. Set the type of Primary Master or C: Drive as *Not Installed*.
- 5. Remove the floppy disk from the drive A: and leave the BIOS Setup Utility. The system should boot from the DOC.

Award BIOS Setup

This chapter describes how to configure the BIOS for the PCM-4896.

Starting Setup

The Award BIOS is immediately activated when you first turn on the computer. The BIOS reads system configuration information in CMOS RAM and begins the process of checking out the system and configuring it through the power-on self test (POST).

When these preliminaries are finished, the BIOS seeks an operating system on one of the data storage devices (hard drive, floppy drive, etc.). The BIOS launches the operating system and hands control of system operations to it.

During POST, you can start the Setup program in one of two ways: 1.By pressing Del immediately after switching the system on, or 2.By pressing Del or pressing Ctrl-Alt-Esc when the following message appears briefly at the bottom of the screen during POST:

TO ENTER SETUP BEFORE BOOT PRESS DEL KEY

If the message disappears before you respond and you still wish to enter Setup, restart the system to try again by turning it OFF then ON or pressing the RESET button on the system case. You may also restart by simultaneously pressing Ctr-Alt-Del. If you do not press the keys at the correct time and the system does not boot, an error message appears and you are again asked to

PRESS F1 TO CONTINUE, DEL TO ENTER SETUP

Setup Keys

These keys help you navigate in Setup:

Up arrow Down arrow Left arrow Right arrow Esc	Move to previous item Move to next item Move to the item in the left hand Move to the item in the right hand	
Left arrow Right arrow	Move to the item in the left hand	
Right arrow		
	Move to the item in the right hand	
Esc	more to the new management	
	Main Menu: Quit and not save changes into CMOS RAM	
	Other pages: Exit current page and return to Main Menu	
PgDn/+	Increase the numeric value or make changes	
PgDn/-	Decrease the numeric value or make changes	
F1	General help, only for Status Page Setup Menu and Option Page Setup Menu	
F2	Change color from total 16 colors. F2 to select color forward, Shift-F2 to select color backward	
F3	Calendar, only for Status Page Setup Menu	
F4	Reserved	
F5	Restore the previous CMOS value from CMOS, only for Option Page Setup Menu	
F6	Load the default CMOS RAM value from BIOS default table, only for Option Page Setup Menu	
F7	Load the default	
F8	Reserved	
F9	Reserved	
F10	Save all the CMOS changes, only for Main Menu	

Getting Help

Press F1 to pop up a small help window that describes the appropriate keys to use and the possible selections for the highlighted item. To exit the Help Window press Esc or the F1 key again.

In Case of Problems

If, after making and saving system changes with Setup, you discover that your computer no longer is able to boot, the **AwardBIOS** supports an override to the CMOS settings that resets your system to its default configuration.

You can invoke this override by immediately pressing Insert; when you restart your computer. You can restart by either using the ON/ OFF switch, the RESET button or by pressing Ctrl-Alt-Delete.

The best advice is to alter only settings that you thoroughly understand. In particular, do not change settings in the Chipset screen without a good reason. The Chipset defaults have been carefully chosen by Award Software or your system manufacturer for the best performance and reliability. Even a seemingly small change to the Chipset setup may causing the system to become unstable.

Main Setup Menu

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD		
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION		
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP		
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS			
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑		

Standard CMOS	Options in the original PC AT-compatible BIOS.
BIOS Features	Award Software enhanced BIOS options.
Chipset Features	Options specific to your system chipset.
Power	Advanced Power Management (APM)
Management	options.
PnP/PCI	Plug and Play standard and PCI Local Bus
Configuration	configuration options.
Integrated	I/O subsystems that depend on the inte-
Peripherals	grated peripherals controller in your system.
Supervisor/User	Change, set, or disable a password. In
Password Setting	BIOS versions that allow separate user and supervisor passwords, only the supervisor password permits access to Setup. The user password generally allows only power-on access.
IDE HDD Auto	Automatically detect and configure IDE hard
Detection	disk parameters.

Load BIOS Defaults	BIOS defaults are factory settings for the most stable, minimal-performance system operations.
Load Setup	Setup defaults are factory settings for
Defaults	optimal-performance system operations.
Save & Exit	Save settings in nonvolatile CMOS
Setup	RAM and exit Setup.
Exit Without Save	Abandon all changes and exit Setup.

Standard CMOS Setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CMOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                     USER PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
   PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 ↑ | → ← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

When you choose the STANDARD CMOS SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

This standard setup menu allows users to configure system components such as the date, time, hard disk drive, floppy drive, display, and memory. Online help for each field can be accessed by pressing F1.

Date and Time Configuration

The BIOS determines the day of the week from the other date information. This field is for information only.

Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field (date, month, year). Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

The time format is based on the 24-hour military-time clock. For example, 1 p.m. is 13:00:00. Press the left or right arrow key to move to the desired field. Press the PgUp/- or PgDn/+ key to increment the setting, or type the desired value into the field.

HARD DISKS

The BIOS supports up to four IDE drives. This section does not show information about other IDE devices, such as a CD-ROM drive, or about other hard drive types, such as SCSI drives.

NOTE: We recommend that you select type AUTO for all drives.

The BIOS can automatically detect the specifications and optimal operating mode of almost all IDE hard drives. When you select type AUTO for a hard drive, the BIOS detects its specifications during POST, every time the system boots.

If you do not want to select drive type AUTO, other methods of

selecting the drive type are available:

- 1. Match the specifications of your installed IDE hard drive(s) with the preprogrammed values for drive types 1 through 45.
- 2. Select USER and enter values into each drive parameter field.
- 3. Use the IDE HDD AUTO DECTECTION function in Setup.

Here is a brief explanation of drive specifications:

- **Type:** The BIOS contains a table of pre-defined drive types. Each defined drive type has a specified number of cylinders. number of heads, write precompensation factor, landing zone, and number of sectors. Drives whose specifications do not accommodate any pre-defined type are classified as type USER.
- •Size: Disk drive capacity (approximate). Note that this size is usually slightly greater than the size of a formatted disk given by a disk-checking program.
- Cyls: Number of cylinders
- Head: Number of heads
- **Precomp**: Write precompensation cylinder
- Landz: Landing zone
- Sector: Number of sectors
- Mode: Auto, Normal, Large, or LBA
 - Auto: The BIOS automatically determines the optimal mode.
 - Normal: Maximum number of cylinders, heads, and sectors supported are 1024, 16, and 63.
 - Large: For drives that do not support LBA and have more than 1024 cylinders.

- LBA (Logical Block Addressing): During drive accesses, the IDE controller transforms the data address described by sector, head, and cylinder number into a physical block address, significantly improving data transfer rates. For drives with greater than 1024 cylinders.

Drive A Drive B

Select the correct specifications for the diskette drive(s) installed in the computer.

None	No diskette drive installed
360K, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch PC-type standard drive; 360 kilobyte capacity
1.2M, 5.25 in	5-1/4 inch AT-type high-density drive; 1.2 megabyte capacity
720K, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 720 kilobyte capacity
1.44M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 1.44 mega byte capacity
2.88M, 3.5 in	3-1/2 inch double-sided drive; 2.88 mega byte capacity

LCD & CRT

This field may appear as an alternative to the Video field. select your video display device:

LCD	Liquid crystal display
CRT	Auxiliary monitor
Both	Display on both devices

Pannel:

This selection item allows user to select LCD BIOS to match the LCD types. There are eight, LCD types available for users to select as their LCD display modes as below:

Brand name	Model name	Format
Sharp	LX 15X80	1024 x 768 DSTN
Sharp	LM 64183P	640 x 480 MONO
Sharp	LM 64C35P	640 x 480 DSTN
Sharp	LM 12S40	800 x 600 DSTN
NEC	NL 6448AC33-10	640 x 480 TFT (12 bits)
Toshiba	LTM 10C209A	640 x 480 (18 bits)TFT
NEC	NL 8060AC26-04	800 x 600 TFT
Sharp	LQ 14x03	1024x768 TFT (36 bits)

Halt On

During the power-on-self-test (POST), the computer stops if the BIOS detects a hardware error. You can tell the BIOS to ignore certain errors during POST and continue the boot-up process. These are the selections:

- No errors: POST does not stop for any errors.
- All errors: If the BIOS detects any non-fatal error, POST stops and prompts you to take corrective action.
- All, But Keyboard: POST does not stop for a keyboard error, but stops for all other errors
- All, But Diskette: POST does not stop for diskette drive errors, but stops for all other errors.
- All, But Disk/Key: POST does not stop for a keyboard or disk error, but stops for all other errors.

Memory

You cannot change any values in the Memory fields; they are only for your information. The fields show the total installed random access memory (RAM) and amounts allocated to base memory, extended memory, and other (high) memory. RAM is counted in kilobytes (KB: approximately one thousand bytes) and megabytes (MB: approximately one million bytes).

RAM is the computer's working memory, where the computer stores programs and data currently being used, so they are accessible to the CPU. Modern personal computers may contain up to 64 MB, 128 MB, or more.

• Base Memory

Typically 640 KB. Also called conventional memory. The DOS operating system and conventional applications use this area.

• Extended Memory

Above the 1-MB boundary. Early IBM personal computers could not use memory above 1 MB, but current PCs and their software can use extended memory.

Other Memory

Between 640 KB and 1 MB; often called High memory. DOS may load terminate-and-stay-resident (TSR) programs, such as device drivers, in this area, to free as much conventional memory as possible for applications. Lines in your CONFIG.SYS file that start with LOA-DHIGH load programs into high memory.

BIOS Features Setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CMOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                     USER PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
   PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 ↑ | → ← : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

By choosing the BIOS FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

```
ROM PCI/TSA BIOS (2A434AKB)
BIOS FEATURES SETUP
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

Virus Warning
CPU Internal Cache
Quick Power On Self Test
Disabled
Boot From LAN First
Disabled
Boot Sequence
Sequence
Swap Floppy Drive
Disabled
Boot Up NumLock Status
Boot Up NumLock Status
Cff
Boot Up NumLock Status
Cff
Boot Up NumLock Status
Coff
Comparity Option
Normal
Memory Parity Check
Disabled
Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)
Comparity Option
Security Option
Setup
PCI/VGA Palette Snoop
Disabled
Seport No FDD For WIN 95
No
Seport No FDD For WIN 95
No
Security Option
```

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

Virus Warning

When enabled, you receive a warning message if a program (specifically, a virus) attempts to write to the boot sector or the partition table of the hard disk drive. You should then run an anti-virus program. Keep in mind that this feature protects only the boot sector, not the entire hard drive.

NOTE: Many disk diagnostic programs that access the boot sector table can trigger the virus warning message. If you plan to run such a program, we recommend that you first disable the virus warning.

CPU Internal Cache/External Cache

Cache memory is additional memory that is much faster than conventional DRAM (system memory). CPUs from 486-type on up contain internal cache memory, and most, but not all, modern PCs have additional (external) cache memory. When the CPU requests data, the system transfers the requested data from the main DRAM into cache memory, for even faster access by the CPU.

The External Cache field may not appear if your system does not have external cache memory.

Quick Power On Self Test

Select Enabled to reduce the amount of time required to run the power-on-self-test (POST). A quick POST skips certain steps. We recommend that you normally disable quick POST. Better to find a problem during POST than lose data during your work.

Boot From LAN First

To enable this function for booting from LAN (Optinal function).

Boot Sequence

The original IBM PCs loaded the DOS operating system from drive A (floppy disk), so IBM PC-compatible systems are designed to search for an operating system first on drive A, and then on drive C (hard disk). However, the BIOS now offers many boot sequence options.

Swap Floppy Drive

This field is effective only in systems with two floppy drives. Selecting enabled assigns physical drive B to logical drive A, and physical drive A to logical drive B.

Boot Up Floppy Seek

When Enabled, the BIOS tests (seeks) floppy drives to determine whether they have 40 or 80 tracks. Only 360-KB floppy drives have 40 tracks; drives with 720 KB, 1.2 MB, and 1.44 MB capacity all have 80 tracks. Because very few modern PCs have 40-track floppy drives, we recommend that you set this field to Disabled to save time.

Boot Up NumLock Status

Toggle between On or Off to control the state of the NumLock key when the system boots. When toggled On, the numeric keypad generates numbers instead of controlling cursor operations.

Boot Up System Speed

To speed the system boot up, the default setting is Enable.

Gate A20 Option

Gate A20 refers to the way the system addresses memory above 1 MB (extended memory). When set to Fast, the system chipset controls Gate A20. When set to Normal, a pin in the keyboard controller controls Gate A20. Setting Gate A20 to Fast improves system speed, particularly with OS/2 and Windows.

Typematic Rate Setting

Key strokes repeat at a rate determined by the keyboard controller. When enabled, the typematic rate and typematic delay can be selected.

Typematic Rate (Chars/Sec)

Sets the number of times a second to repeat a key stroke when you hold the key down.

Typematic Delay (Msec)

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it being to repeat the key stroke.

Typematic Delay (Msec)

Sets the delay time after the key is held down before it being to repeat the key stroke.

Security Option

If you have set a password, select whether the password is required every time the System boots, or only when you enter Setup.

PCI/VGA Palette Snoop

To monitor the VGA palette and correct the color display problem caused by some MPEG card.

OS Select For DRAM>64MB

Select the operating system that is running with greater than 64MB or RAM on the system.

No Report of FDD in Windows 95

Set this option to <NO> when using Windows 98 version, or the FDD will not work

Shadow

Software that resides in a read-only memory (ROM) chip on a device is called firmware. The AwardBIOS permits shadowing of firmware such as the system BIOS, video BIOS, and similar operating instructions that come with some expansion peripherals, such as, for example, a SCSI adaptor.

Shadowing copies firmware from ROM into system RAM, where the CPU can read it through the 16-bit or 32-bit DRAM bus. Firmware not shadowed must be read by the system through the 8-bit X-bus. Shad

owing improves the performance of the system BIOS and similar ROM firmware for expansion peripherals, but it also reduces the amount of high memory (640 KB to 1 MB) available for loading device drivers, etc.

Enable shadowing into each section of memory separately. Many system designers hardwire shadowing of the system BIOS and eliminate a System BIOS Shadow option.

Video BIOS shadows into memory area C0000-C7FFF. The remaining areas shown on the BIOS Features Setup screen may be occupied by other expansion card firmware. If an expansion peripheral in your system contains ROM-based firmware, you need to know the address range the ROM occupies to shadow it into the correct area of RAM.

Cyrix 6x86/MII CPUID:

Enable this item to support Cyrix 6x86/MII series CPUID.

CHIPSET Features Setup

```
M PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CMOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                     USER PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
   PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 ↑ ↓ → ← : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

By choosing the CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

The displayed configuration is based on the manufacturer's SETUP DEFAULTS settings.

This section allows you to configure the system based on the specific features of the installed chipset. This chipset manages bus speeds and access to system memory resources, such as SDRAM. It also coordinates communications between the conventional ISA bus and the PCI bus. It must be stated that these items should never need to be altered. The default settings have been chosen because they provide the best operating conditions for your system. The only time you might consider making any changes would be if you discovered that data was being lost while using your system.

Because of the complexity and technical nature of some of the options, not all of the options are described here.

SDRAM CAS Latency Time

When synchronous DRAM is installed, you can control the number of CLKs between when the SDRAMs sample a read command and when the contoller samples read data from the SDRAMs. Do not reset this field from the default value specified by the system designer.

8/16 Bit I/O Recovery Time

The I/O recovery mechanism adds bus clock cycles between PCIoriginated I/O cycles to the ISA bus. This delay takes place because the PCI bus is so much faster than the ISA bus.

These two fields let you add recovery time (in bus clock cycles) for 16-bit and 8-bit I/O.

USB Controller

Select Enabled if your system contains a Universal Serial Bus (USB) controller and you have USB peripherals

CPU Warning Temperature

If the CPU temperature extends beyond high or low limit, any warning mechanism programmed into your system will be activated.

Power Management Setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CMOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                    USER PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
   PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 | | → ← : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

By choosing the POWER MANAGEMENT option from the INITIAL SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

Power Management

This option allows you to select the type (or degree) of power saving for Doze, Standby, and Suspend modes.

This table describes each power management mode:

Max Saving	Maximum power savings. Only Available for SL CPUs. Inactivity period is 1 minute in each mode.	
User Define	Set each mode individually. Select time-out periods in the section for each mode, below.	
Min Saving	Minimum power savings. Inactivity period is 1 hour in each mode.	

Doze Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the CPU clock throttles to a small percentage of its duty cycle between 10 percent and 25 percent for most chipsets. All other devices still operate at full speed.

Standby Mode

After the selected period of system inactivity, the fixed disk drive and the video shut off while all other devices still operate at full speed.

HDD Power Down

After the selected period of drive inactivity, any system IDE devices compatible with the ATA-2 specification or later power manage themselves, putting themselves into an idle state after the specified timeout and then waking themselves up when accessed.

MODEM Use IRQ

Name the interrupt request (IRQ) line assigned to the modem (if any) on your system. Activity of the selected IRQ always awakens the system.

Throttle Duty Cycle

When the system enters Doze mode, the CPU clock runs only part of the time. You may select the percent of time that the clock runs.

PNP/PCI Configuration Setup

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
CMOS SETUP UTILITY
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.
   STANDARD CMOS SETUP
                                                     INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS
   BIOS FEATURES SETUP
                                                     SUPERVISOR PASSWORD
   CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP
                                                     USER PASSWORD
   POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP
                                                     IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION
   PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
                                                     SAVE & EXIT SETUP
   LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS
                                                     EXIT WITHOUT SAVING
   LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS
Esc : Quit
F10 : Save & Exit Setup
                                                 ↑ | → ← : Select Item
(Shift)F2 : Change Color
```

By choosing the PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION SETUP option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed : No
Resources Controlled By : Auto
Reset Configuration Data : Disabled

LAN Card Boot ROM : Disabled

ESC : Quit | ||-- : Select Item
F1 : Help PU/PD/+/- : Modify
F5 : Old Values (Shift)F2 : Color
F6 : Load BIOS Defaults
F7 : Load Setup Defaults
```

PNP OS Installed

Select Yes if the system operating environment is Plug-and-Play aware (e.g., Windows 95).

Resources Controlled By

The Plug and Play AwardBIOS can automatically configure all the boot and Plug and Play-compatible devices. If you select Auto, all the interrupt request (IRQ) and DMA assignment fields disappear, as the BIOS automatically assigns them.

To enable IDE DMA mode, please choose "Manual" and set IRQ-15 to be Legacy ISA.

Reset Configuration Data

Normally, you leave this field Disabled. Select Enabled to reset Extended System Configuration Data (ESCD) when you exit Setup if you have installed a new add-on and the system reconfiguration has caused such a serious conflict that the operating system cannot boot.

PCI IRQ Activated by

Leave the IRQ trigger set at Level unless the PCI device assigned to the interrupt specifies Edge-triggered interrupts.

LAN Card Boot ROM

To enable the LAN boot ROM when it is installed.

Load BIOS Defaults/Load Setup Defaults

LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS loads the default system values directly from ROM. The BIOS DEFAULTS provides the most stable settings, though they do not provide optimal performance. LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS, on the other hand, provides for maximum system performance. If the stored record created by the setup utility becomes corrupted (and therefore unusable), BIOS defaults will load automatically when you turn the PCM-4896 on.

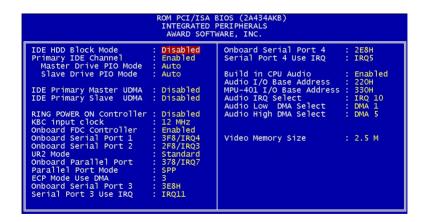
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD		
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION		
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP		
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS			
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup			

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑ ↓ : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color			

Integrated Peripherals Setup



By choosing the INTEGRATD PERIPHERALS option from the initial SETUP SCREEN menu, the screen below is displayed.



IDE HDD Block Mode

Select Enabled only if your hard drives support block mode.

Primary IDE Channel

Select Enable to activate the primary IDE interface.

Master Drive PIO Mode/Slave Drive PIO Mode

To enable the PIO mode from 0~4 for Master and Slave drives.

IDE Primary Master/Slave UDMA

UDMA (Ultra DMA) is a DMA data transfer protocol that utilizes ATA commands and the ATA bus to allow DMA commands to transfer data at a maximum burst rate of 33 MB/s. When you select Auto in the four IDE UDMA fields (for each of up to four IDE devices that the internal PCI IDE interface supports), the system automatically determines the optimal data transfer rate for each IDE device.

KBC Input Clock

The system designer must select the correct frequency for the keyboard controller input clock. Do not change this value from the default value.

Onboard FDC Controller

Select Enabled if your system has a floppy disk controller (FDC) installed on the system board and you wish to use it. If you install an add-in FDC or the system has no floppy drive, select Disabled in this field.

Onboard Serial Ports (1, 2)

Select a logical COM port name and matching address for the first and second serial ports. Select an address and corresponding interrupt for the first and second serial ports.

UR2 Mode

Select an operating mode for the second serial port:

Onboard Parallel Port

Select a logical LPT port address and corresponding interrupt for the physical parallel port

Parallel Port Mode

Select an operating mode for the onboard parallel (printer) port. Select Normal, Compatible, or SPP unless you are certain your hardware and software both support one of the other available modes

ECP Mode Use DMA

Select a DMA channel for the port.

Onboard Serial Port 3.

Select a matching address for the third serial ports.

Serial Port 3 Use IRQ.

Select a corresponding interrupt for the third serial ports.

Onboard Serial Port 4.

Select a matching address for the fourth serial ports.

Serial Port 4 Use IRQ.

Select a corresponding interrupt for the fourth serial ports.

Bulid in CPU Audio

Enable or disable CPU bulit-in audio.

Video Memory Size

Specify the size of system memory to allocate for video memory

Supervisor/User Password Setting

You can set either SUPERVISOR or USER PASSWORD, or both of them. The difference between the two is that the supervisor password allows unrestricted access to enter and change the options of the setup menus, while the user password only allows entry to the program, but not modify options.

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.			
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS		
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD		
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD		
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION		
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP		
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING		
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS			
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	↑ → - : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color		

ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB) CMOS SETUP UTILITY AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.				
STANDARD CMOS SETUP	INTEGRATED PERIPHERALS			
BIOS FEATURES SETUP	SUPERVISOR PASSWORD			
CHIPSET FEATURES SETUP	USER PASSWORD			
POWER MANAGEMENT SETUP	IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION			
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION	SAVE & EXIT SETUP			
LOAD BIOS DEFAULTS	EXIT WITHOUT SAVING			
LOAD SETUP DEFAULTS				
Esc : Quit F10 : Save & Exit Setup	→ + : Select Item (Shift)F2 : Change Color			

When you select this function, a message appears at the center of the screen:

ENTER PASSWORD:

Type the password, up to eight characters, and press Enter. Typing a password clears any previously entered password from CMOS memory.

Now the message changes:

CONFIRM PASSWORD:

Again, type the password and press Enter.

To abort the process at any time, press Esc.

In the Security Option item in the BIOS Features Setup screen, select System or Setup:

System Enter a password each time the system boots and when ever you enter Setup.

Setup Enter a password when ever you enter Setup.

NOTE: To clear the password, simply press Enter when asked to enter a password. Then the password function is disabled.

IDE HDD Auto Detection

The IDE HDD AUTO DETECTION utility can automatically detect the IDE hard disk installed in your system. You can use it to self-detect and/or correct the hard disk type configuration.But you need to repeat the setup for each of the IDE combinations:



Save & Exit Setup

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility will be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory. The microprocessor will check this every time you turn your system on and compare this to what it finds as it checks the system. This record is required for the system to operate.



Exit Without Saving

If you select this option and press <ENTER>, the values entered in the setup utility won't be recorded in the chipset's CMOS memory.



Flat Panel/CRT Controller Display Drivers and Utilities

This chapter provides information about:

• Driver types and installation

Software Drivers

This chapter describes the operation and installation of the display drivers supplied on the *Supporting CD-ROM* that are shipped with your product.

The onboard VGA adapter is based on the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller and is fully IBM VGA compatible. This controller offers a large set of extended functions and higher resolutions. If you intend to use your VGA adapter in standard VGA modes only, you do not need to install any of these drivers. Since your VGA adapter is fully compatible, it does not require any special drivers to operate in standard modes.

The purpose of the enclosed software drivers is to take advantage of the extended features of the CHIPS VGA Flat Panel/CRT controller.

Hardware Configuration

Some of the high-resolution drivers provided in this package will work only in certain system configurations. If a driver does not display correctly, try the following:

- Change the display controller to CRT-only mode, rather than flat panel or simultaneous display mode. Some high-resolution drivers will display correctly only in CRT mode.
- 2. If a high-resolution mode is not supported on your system, try using a lower-resolution mode. For example, 1024 x 768 mode will not work on some systems, but 800 x 600 mode is supported on most.

Necessary to Know

The instructions in this manual assume that you understand elementary concepts of MS-DOS and the IBM Personal Computer. Before you attempt to install any driver from the *Supporting CD-ROM*, you should:

- Know how to copy files from a CD-ROM to a directory on the hard disk
- Understand the MS-DOS directory structure

If you are uncertain about any of these concepts, please refer to the DOS or OS/2 user reference guides for more information *before* you proceed with the installation.

Before You Begin

Make sure you know the version of the application for which you are installing drivers. The *Supporting CD-ROM* contain drivers for several versions of certain applications. For your driver to operate properly, you must install the driver for your version of the application program.

Windows® 95/98

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft[®] Windows[®]. You just install these drivers through the Windows[®] operating system.

Before you start to install the driver, please make sure you have right setting for IRQ-15 in "PnP/PCI Configuration"

IRQ-15 assigned to: Legacy ISA

```
ROM PCI/ISA BIOS (2A434AKB)
PNP/PCI CONFIGURATION
AWARD SOFTWARE, INC.

PNP OS Installed : No
Resources Controlled By : Manual
Reset Configuration Data : Disabled

IRQ-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-4 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-5 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-10 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-11 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-12 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-14 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-15 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
IRQ-16 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-1 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-3 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-6 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-7 assigned to : PCI/ISA PnP
DMA-1 assigned to :
```

Then run "Cyrix MediaGX Certified Win9X Drivers 4.0.exe" before you install VGA driver.

cd-rom:\Driver\Cyrix MediaGX Certified Win9x Drivers 4.0

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive0.exe

Driver Installation

 Install Windows[®] 95 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the **Start** button, go to **Settings** and click on **Control Panel**. Choose the **Display** icon and double click on the icon. In the *Display Properties* window, show as figure 1:

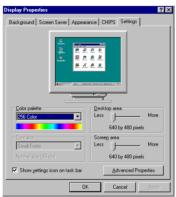


figure 1

Click the setting buttom, then click the Advanced Properties icon into the *Advanced Display properties* windows, show as figure 2:



figure 2

click on **Change Display Type**. In the *Change Display Type* window, click on the **Change** button under Adapter Type into the select Device window show as figure 3: This will bring up the *Select Device* window.

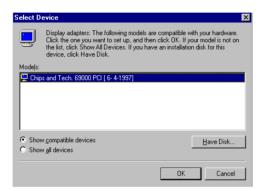


figure 3

2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* in your CD-ROM drive.

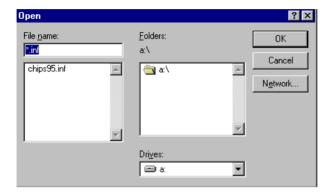


figure 4

In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, Select **Browse**, and find the Win95(Win98) driver "chips95.inf" ("chips98.inf) in the *Supporting CD-ROM*:

Win95:

cd-rom: \Driver\vga driver\Win95\chips95.inf and then click OK.

Win98:

cd-rom: \Driver\vga driver\Win98\chips98.inf and then click OK.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

The name of the *Chips And Tech* "69000 *PCI*" driver will appear highlighted in the *Models* list boxfhow as figure. Click OK to start the driver installation show as figure 5:



figure 5

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Advanced display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 6:

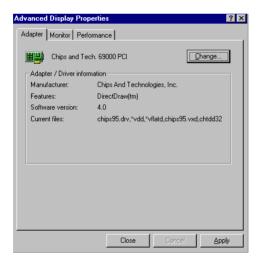


figure 6

Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Show as figure 7:

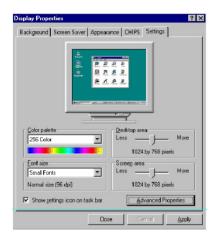


figure 7

Click on **Apply**. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect, show as figure 8:



figure 8

Windows® 3.1

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft Windows Version 3.1. You should install these drivers through Windows.

Driver Installation

- 1. Install Windows as you normally would for a VGA display. Run Windows to make sure that it is working correctly.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive. In Windows Program Manager, choose *File* from the Options Menu. Then from the pull-down menu, choose *Run*. At the Command Line prompt, type.

cd-rom:\driver\vga driver\win31\setup.exe

Press the <ENTER> key or click OK to begin the installation.

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

At this point the setup program locates the directory where Windows is installed. For proper operation, the drivers must be installed in the Windows subdirectory.

3. Press <ENTER> to complete the installation. Once completed, you can find the icon Chips CPL under the Control Panel. The icon allows you to select and load the installed drivers.

OS/2

These drivers are designed to function with the OS/2 Version 4.0, 3.0 and 2.11 operating systems.

To install this driver, do the following steps:

- 1. Open an OS/2 full screen or windowed session.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM drive.
- 3. At the OS/2 command prompt, type the following commands to copy the files to the OS/2 drive:

cd-rom:\driver\vga driver\os2\setup.cmd

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

When the Setup Program is completed, you will need to perform a shutdown and then restart the system in order for changes to take effect.

A log of the information output during the install can be found in <root>:\OS2\INSTALL\DISPLAY.LOG

- 4. After restarting the system, perform the following steps:
 - 1. Open the OS/2 System folder.
 - 2. Open the System Setup folder.
 - 3. Open the Display Driver Install Object.

This step will execute the Display Driver Installation (DSPINSTL) utility program to finish installation of the new drivers.

- 4. When the Display Driver Install window appears, select Primary Display and then select OK.
- 5. When the Primary Display Driver List window appears, select "Chips and Technologies 69000" from the list of adapter types, then select OK or install the video driver.

6. When the installation is complete, you will need to shut down and then restart the system for the changes to take effect.

Make sure to remove the installation diskette before restarting the system.

Windows® NT 3.51

These drivers are designed to work with Microsoft® Windows®.

Driver Installation

- 1. Install Windows® NT 3.51 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the Supporting CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive.

and type:

cd-rom: \drive\vga drive\windows.Nt\nt351\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

Select the adapter "Chips and Tech 69000PCI" and click OK.

Click on Install to install the selected driver. Once the installation is complete, shut down and restart the system.

Windows® NT 4.0

Driver Installation

- 1. Install Windows® NT 4.0 as you normally would for a VGA display. Click the Star buttom, go to Settings and click on Control Panel icon. Then choose the Display and double click on the icon. In the Display Properties window, click the Setting buttom, then click the Display Type buttom into the Display Type windows, then click on Change buttom from the Adapter Type icon. And click on Have Disk buttom in the change display window.
- 2. Place the *Supporting CD-ROM* into your CD-ROM dirve. In the *Select Device* window, click on **Have Disk**, select "**Browse**" and find the NT 4.0 driver from:

cd-rom:\dirver\vga driver\windows.Nt\nt40\Oemsetup.inf

"cd-rom": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive

and then click OK. The name of the *Chips and Technologies, Inc. Video Controller* driver will appear highlighted in the Modules list box. Select Chips and Tech. 69000 and Click **OK**. Click **OK** to start the driver installation.

3. Once the installation is complete, the *Change Display Type* window will reappear. Click on close to close the window. Then the *Display Properties* window will reappear. Click on **Apply**. Restart the system for the new settings to take effect.

Ethernet Software Configuration

This chapter describes how to configure the Etherent Card to match your application requirements.

Win 9X/NT Ethernet Installation

Place the Driver CDROM into your CDROM drive and pull up the CDROM file on you screen

- 1. Click on **Start** button.
- 2. Click on **Settings** button.
- 3. Click on Control Panel buttom.
- 4. Click on **System** buttom.
- 5. Click on **Devise Manager** button.
- 6. Click on PCI Ethernet Controller.
- 7. Click on OK.
- 8. Click on Refresh.
- 9. Click on Next.
- 10. Select the Optional: Search for best Lan driver....
- 11. Click Next.
- 12. Select CDROM file.
- 13. Select Driver/LAN/8139C/Win9X (Windows.NT)
- 14. Click on OK
- 15. Click on Next.
- 16. Rtl 8139.inf will appear.
- 17. Click on Next.
- 18. Click on Finish.

Shut down the computer for restart Window should be visible, follow the command and the chipset driver has be installed.

Ethernet Software Configuration

The onboard Ethernet interface supports all major network operating systems. I/O addresses and interrupts are easily configured via the Award BIOS Setup. To configure the medium type, to view the current configuration, or to run diagnostics, please refer to the following instruction:

- 1. Power the mainboard on. Ensure that the RSET8139.EXE file is located in the working drive.
- 2. At the prompt, type RSET8139.EXE and press <ENTER>. The Ethernet configuration program will then be displayed.
- 3. This simple screen shows all the available options for the Ethernet interface. Just highlight the option you wish to change by using the Up and DOWN keys. To change a selected item, press <ENTER>, and a screen will appear with the available options. Highlight your option and press <ENTER>. Each highlighted option has a helpful message guide displayed at the bottom of the screen for additional information.
- 4. After you have made your selections and the configuration is what you want, press <ESC>. A prompt will appear asking if you want to save the configuration. Press "Y" if you want to save.

The Ethernet Setup Menu also offers three very useful diagnostic functions. These are:

- Run EEPROM test
- 2. Run Diagnostics on Board
- 3. Run Diagnostics on Network

Each option has its own display screen which shows the format and result of any diagnostic tests undertaken.

Audio Setup

This PCM-4896 is equipped with an audio interface that records and playback CD-quality audio. This chapter provides instructions for installing the software drivers on the included CDROM.

Introduction

The PCM-4896 on board audio interface provides high-quality stereo sound and FM music synthesis (ESFM). The audio interface can record, compress, and play back voice, sound, and music with built-in mixer control.

The PCM-4896 on board audio interface also supports the Plug and Play (PnP) standard and provides PnP configuration for the audio, FM, and MPU-401 logical devices. It is compatible with Sound Blaster® voice and music functions. The ESFM synthesizer is register compatible with the OPL3 and has extended capabilities.

Setting Up in Windows 95/98

The supporting CD-ROM contains the Windows 95/98 drivers for NS5530A. Please see the online help for details.



Note: Refer to your Windows 95/98 manual or online help for any questions on Windows 95/98.

Installing the drivers under Window95/98

1. Click "Start" --> "Setting"--> "Control Panel" to open the Control Panel window.

Double click the "Add New Hardware" icon.



2. Click the "Next" button on the "Add New Hardware Wizard" window.



3. Choose "No" for manual installing new hardware. Then click the "Next" button.



4. Find and click to choose the sound icon. Then click the "Next" button.



5. Click the "Have Disk..." button.



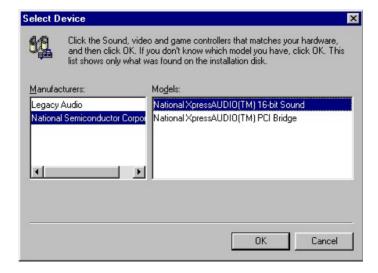
6. Specify the drive letter and path for the Supporting CD-ROM as follow then click the "OK" button.

cd-rom:\driver\audio\Win9X

"cd-rom:": the drive letter of your CD-ROM drive



7. Click the "OK" button to choose the National Xpress AUDIO(TM) 16-bit Sound drivers.



8. Click the "finish" button and follow instructions to finish the installation.



9. Windows 95/98 will ask you to restart your computer to finish the set up. Click the "Yes" button to reboot your system so the new drivers can be activated.



APPENDIX

Programming the Watchdog Timer

The mainboard is equipped with a watchdog timer that resets the CPU or generates an interrupt if processing comes to a standstill for whatever reason. This feature ensures system reliability in industrial standalone and unmanned environments.

Programming the Watchdog Timer

How to program the WATCHDOG TIMER

- 1. To set the time-out interval of watchdog timer:
 - -- output the desired value to port **0x443**. Since the data is of 1 byte, the maximum value will be 255. In our design $2 \sim 255$ will denote 2 ~ 255 sec.(About 10% of deviation may happen)

outportb(0x443, 30); // set watchdog to 30 seconds

- 2. To set the time-out event:
 - -- output data to **prot 0x444**,
 - 0: reset system
 - 1, 2, 3: IRO 10, 15, 11 respectively
 - 4: NMI

e.g.

outportb(0x444, 0); // set time-out event to reset-system

- 3. To disable watchdog timer:
 - -- output value 0 to port 0x443 outportb(0x443, 0); // disable watchdog timer
- 4. To ebable or refresh watchdog timer (the watchdog timer will return to its initial value, then count down):
 - -- access the I/O port 0x443, e.g. outportb(0x443, data); // refresh watchdog timer
 - * note: if you want to refresh the watchdog timer, you have to disable it first.

Demo program

```
outportb(0x444, 0):
                            // set time-out event to reset-system
outportb(0x443x 10);
                            // set time-out interval to 10 seconds
customer_job();
                            // execute your job here, be sure your
                              job will finished within 10 seconds
outportb(0x443, 0);
                            // refresh watchdog timer, otherwise
                              the system will reset after time-out
outputb(0x443, 20);
                            // set time-out interval to 20 seconds
                            // another job finished in 20 seconds
another job();
                            // disable watchdog timer
outportb(0x443, 0)
```

Installing PC/104 Modules

This appendix provides instructions for installing PC/104 modules.

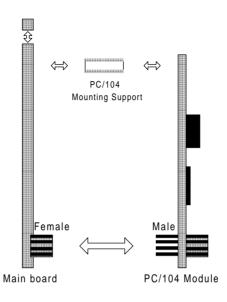
Installing PC/104 modules

The PCM-4896's PC/104 connectors give you the flexibility to attach PC/104 expansion modules. These modules perform the functions of traditional plug-in expansion cards, but save space and valuable slots. Modules include:

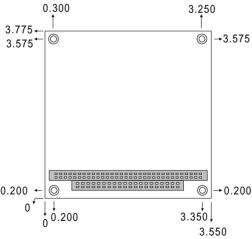
• PCM-3115B	PCMCIA Module (two-slot)
• PCM-3420	PC/104 Fast SCSI Module
• PCM-3600	PC/104 Fax/Modem Module
• PCM-3610	Isolated RS-232 and RS-422/485 Module
• PCM-3660	Ethernet Module
• PCM-3718	30 KHz A/D Module
• PCM-3724	48-channel DIO Module
• PCM-3910	Breadboard Module
• PCM-3810	Solid State Disk Module

Installing these modules on the PCM-4896 is a quick and simple operation. The following steps show how to mount the PC/104 modules:

- Step1 Remove the PCM-4896 from your system, paying particular attention to the safety instructions already mentioned above.
- Step2 Make any jumper or link changes required to the SBC now. Once the PC/104 module is mounted, you may have difficulty in accessing these.
- Step3 Mount the PC/104 module onto the SBC. Do this by pressing the module firmly but carefully onto the mounting connectors.
- Step4 Secure the PC/104 module onto the SBC using the four mounting spacers and srews.



PC/104 Module Mounting Diagram



PC/104 module dimenstions (inches $\pm 5\%$)

Optional Extras

PCM-10489-5 Wiring Kit

The cable kit PCM-10489-5 includes the following cables:

Part No.	Cable description	Termination connector
1701440350	2.5" and 1.8" IDE	44-pin, 2 mm, female IDC (350 mm)
1701440501	3.5" IDE (40P)	40-pin, 2.54 mm, female IDC (500 mm)
1701340601	3.5" floppy,(34P)	34-pin dual floppy
1701260301	Parallel port	25-pin female DSUB
1701080160	Network 10/100BASE-T	RJ-45 extend cable
1701150150	VGA CRT	15-pin DSUB
1700080204	Keyboard and PS/2 mouse	6 pin MINI DIN
1703040301	Peripheral power (-5V and -12V)	4 conductor
1701080301	Front panel	8 pin open-end
1701400180	RS-232 Serial Port, 4 COM Port	Speaker, Line Out, Line In, Mic In, TV Output, S Terminal
1700140163	Audio Input/Output	Speaker, Line Out, Line In, Mic In

Optional USB Cable

Part No.	Description	Suitable Model
1709100200	USB Cable 5pin*2 20cm Normal W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.A1.1 PCM-5894 Rev.A3.1/A3.2/B1 PCM-5896 Rev.A1.1 PCM-6890 Rev.A1.1 PCM-7890 Rev.A2.1
1709080200	USB Cable 4pin*2 20cm Special W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.B1 PCM-5896 Rev.B1.1
1709080201	USB Cable 4pin*2 20cm Reversed W/Bracket	PCM-4896 Rev.B1.1 PCM-4896(L) Rev.C1.0 PCM-5896 Rev.B1.2 PCM-6890 Rev.A1.2 PCM-7890 Rev.A2.2